



## **Cautionary statement regarding forward-looking statements**

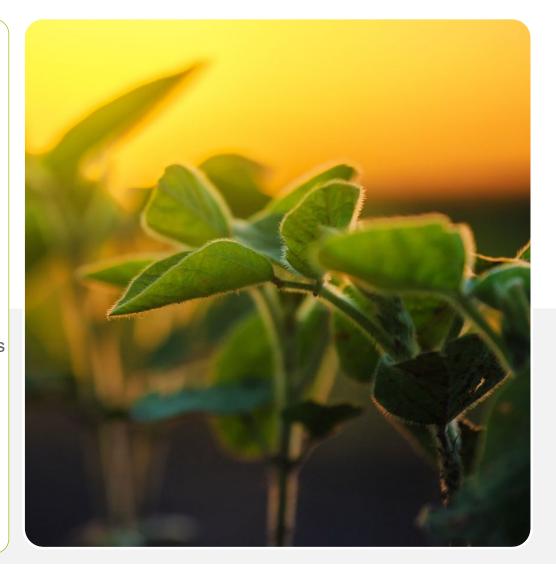
Some of the statements contained in this document are forwardlooking statements. These statements are based on current expectations, assumptions, estimates and projections, and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause results, levels of activity, performance or achievements to be materially different from any forward-looking statements. These statements are generally identified by words or phrases such as "believe", "anticipate", "expect", "intend", "plan", "will", "may", "should", "estimate", "predict", "potential", "continue" or the negative of such terms or other similar expressions. If underlying assumptions prove inaccurate or unknown risks or uncertainties materialize, actual results and the timing of events may differ materially from the results and/or timing discussed in the forward-looking statements, and you should not place undue reliance on these statements. Syngenta disclaims any intent or obligation to update any forward-looking statements as a result of developments occurring after the period covered by this document or otherwise.





#### **Syngenta AG 2024 Financial Performance**

- Sales 12% below last year, 8% at CER
  - CP 14% lower: -7% volume, -3% price & -4% FX
    - Growth in China & new product sales in Brazil more than offset by channel de-stocking, particularly US. Weak market in Argentina. PLINAZOLIN<sup>®</sup> more than doubled at CER, >\$0.5bn, driven by Brazil. ADEPIDYN<sup>®</sup> growth in Brazil & China.
    - Price pressure on older Als, particularly herbicides and Americas, from new China supply; Brazil FX
  - Seeds 4% lower: -4% volume, +2% price & -2% FX
    - Trade restrictions reduced sunflower; Argentina lower from corn disease pressure; Brazil corn recovering. Vegetables +7%
- Gross margin lower in CP: lower raw material costs offset weaker \$ sales prices; adverse mix and increased idle capacity. Seeds margin higher: lower Brazil write-offs offset lower licensing income. Overall margin flat
- **EBITDA 20% below PY**, 4% at CER; significant savings offset increased receivable provision charges and inflation
- Net income **75% lower**; lower financial costs (Argentina); higher tax rate
- Free cash flow exc. M&A +\$1.2bn vs. -\$0.4bn in 2023;
  - Further inventory reduction; payables stabilised; lower capex



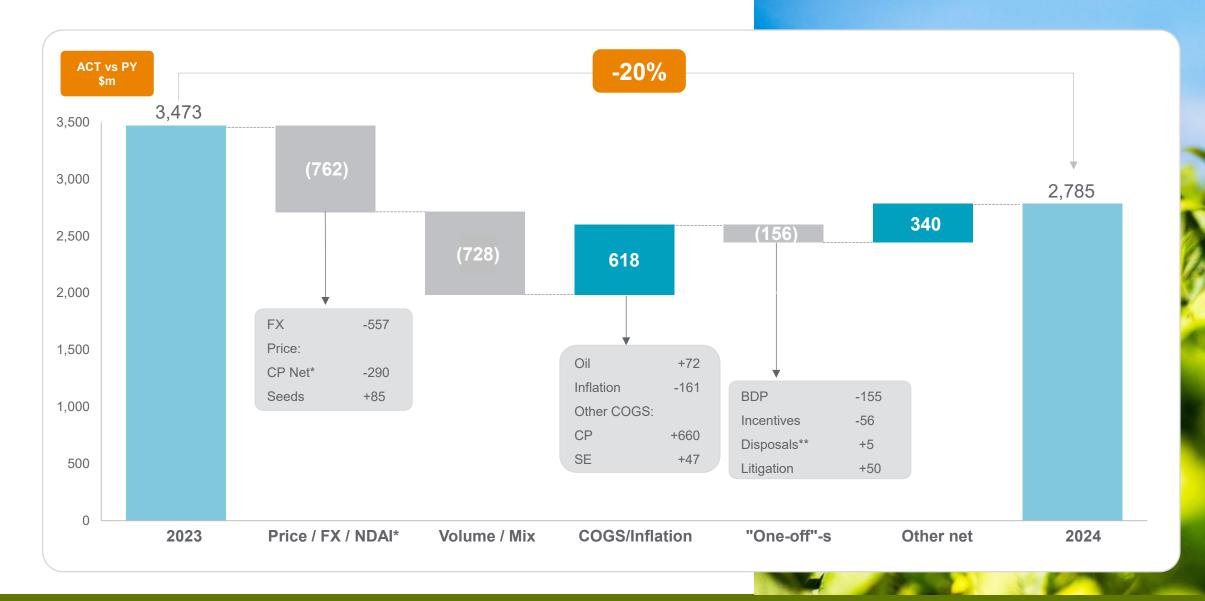


#### FY 2024 sales\* vs. prior year





#### 2024 EBITDA progression vs. prior year



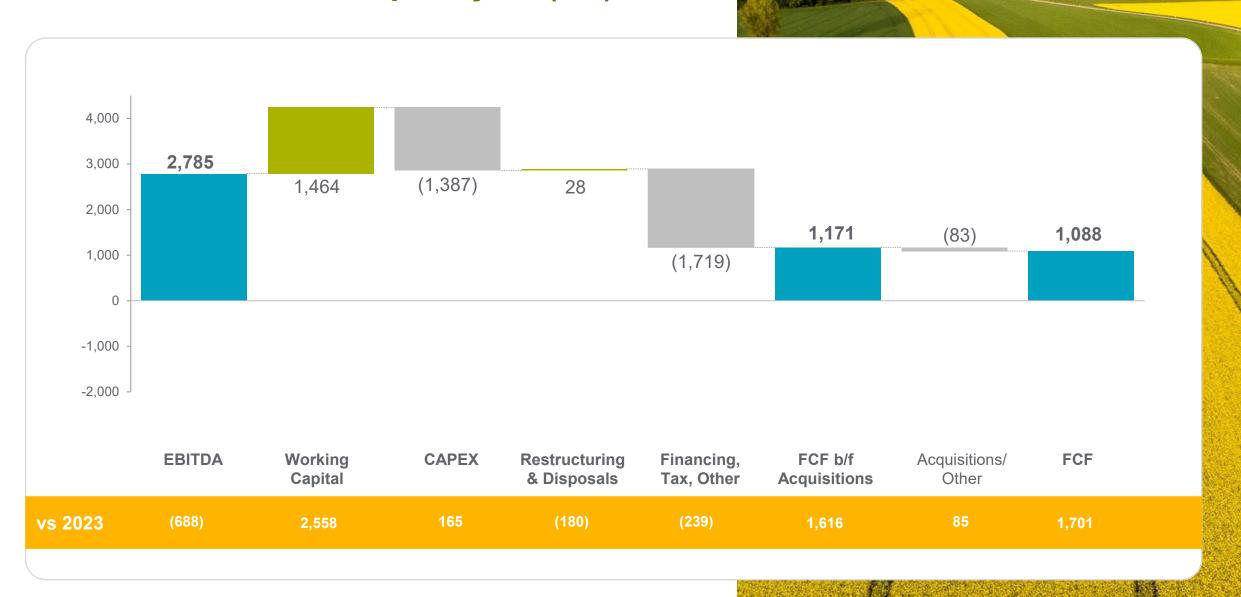


#### 2024 Net Income vs. prior year



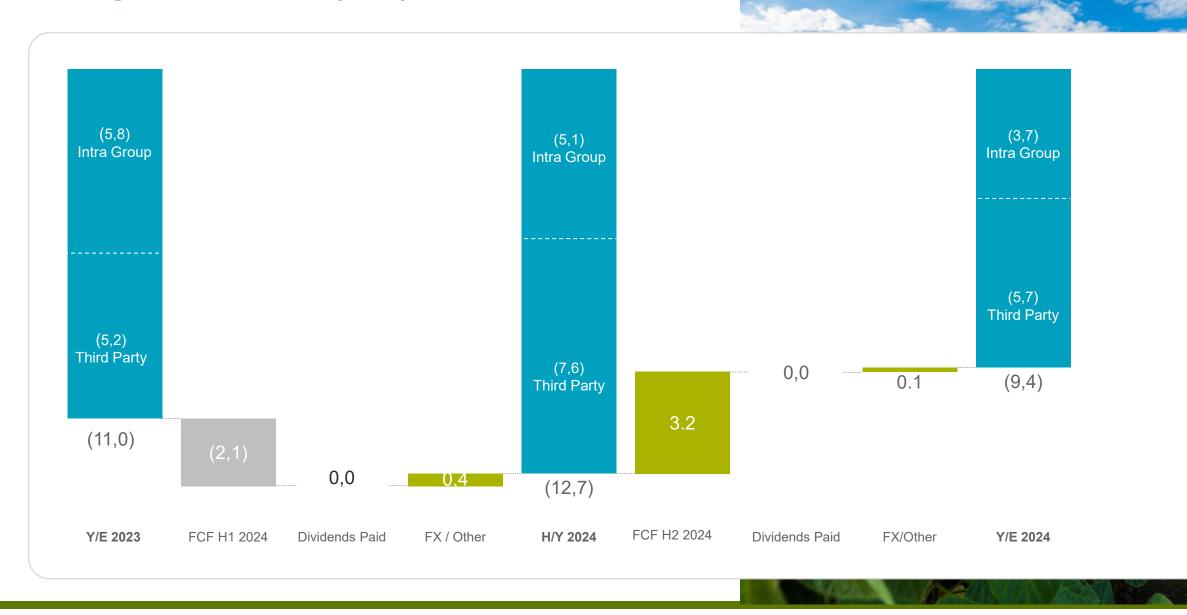


#### 2024 Free cash flow vs. prior year (\$m)





#### **Change in Net Debt (\$bn)**





### **Working Capital ratios**

Dec 2022	Dec 2023		Dec 2024
29%	34%	Trade Working Capital as % of sales (month end)	28%
45%	42%	<ul> <li>Inventories</li> </ul>	38%
26%	28%	Trade Receivables	29%
42%	36%	Trade Payables	39%
32%	45%	Trade Working Capital as % of sales (average)	45%



#### 2025 Outlook

CP channel inventory reduction largely complete

Farmer profitability under pressure in key crops

Growth from new products and Biologicals

Overcapacity for commodity actives; sales price pressure

Lower raw material costs offset negative price impacts

Productivity / restructure savings offset inflation "Normal" level of bad debt provision charges

Continued focus on cash flow and earnings quality
Capex and inventory constraint
EBITDA margin improvement





# Bringing plant potential to life